# **RESOL** TT1

Mounting

Connection

Handling

**Fault localization** 











#### **Content**

Safety	regulations	2
Tecnio	cal data and function survey	3
1.	Sensor types	4
2.	Installation	5
2.1	Mounting	5
2.2	Electrical connection	5
3.	Operating and function	6
3.1	Pushbuttons for adjustment	6
3.2	Adjustment / controll channels	6

3.3	Adjustment channel TO	7
3.4	Adjustment channel TF	7
3.5	Adjustment channel DO	7
3.6	Adjustment channel DF	7
3.7	Adjustment channel MM	7
3.8	Status-LED Blinkcodes	7
4.	Commissioning	8
5.	Tips for fault location	8

## **Security advice**

Please pay attention to the following security advice in order to avoid danger and damage to people and property.

#### **Instructions**

Attention should be paid

- to the statutory provisions for prevention of industrial accidents,
- to the statutory provisions for environmental protection,
- to the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974
- to Part P of the Building Regulations 2005
- to BS7671 Requirements for electrical installations and relevant safety regulations of DIN, EN, DVGW,TRGI,TRF and VDE.

This instruction is exclusively addressed to authorised skilled personnel.

- Only qualified electricians should carry out electrical works.
- Initial installation should be effected by named qualified personnel

# **Declaration of conformity**

We, RESOL Elektronische Regelungen GmbH, D-45527 Hattingen, declare under our sole responsibility that our product **TT1** complies with the following standards:

EN 55 014-1 EN 60 730-1

According to the regulations of the above directives, the product is labelled with  $\mathbf{C}$ :

89/336/EWG 73/ 23/EWG

Hattingen, 07.07.2006

RESOL Elektronische Regelungen GmbH,

ppa. Gerald Neuse



#### Tecnical data

**Housing:** plastic, PC-ABS and PMMA **Protection type:** IP 20 / DIN 40050

**Size:**  $172 \times 110 \times 46 \text{ mm}$ 

**Power supply:** 220...240V,50 - 60 Hz

Output

1 relais output, breaking capaticity 4(1)A

**Ambient temperature:** 

-20°C...+40°C

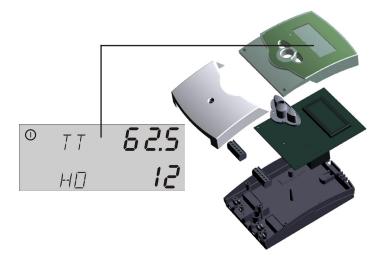
**Display:** LCD, multi-functional combined display with pictograms two 2-digit text fields and two 4-digit 7-segment displays as well as one 2-coloured LED

Mounting: Wall mounting, panel-mounting pos-

Operation: by three pushbuttons
Input: 1 temperature sensor Pt 1000
Output: 1 standard relais (changeover)

**Degree of polution:** 2 **Rating surge voltage:** 2,5 kV

Temp. for ball pressure check: 75 °C



# TT1

Electronic temperature controller (thermostat) with combined LCD display for indicating the current temperature and the setting parameters (menue guided)

A temperature sensor (PT1000 for example FKP6) from our catalogue is needed.

#### **Operating mode**

The RESOL thermostat compares the temperature measured by the temperature sensor with the adjusted switch-on temperature. When the vurrent temperature dropps below the the switch-on temperature the relais is swirched ON. When the teperature is reached again the relais is switched OFF.

Depending on the adjusted switch-on and switch off temperature the controller is working in the heating or cooling mode. Depending on the application area all PT1000 sensors from our product catalogue can be used.



## 1. Sensor types

Precision-platin sensors type PT1000 (FKP and FRP) are used for TT1

The arrangement of the sensors is of great importance to the total efficiency of the regulator. The collector temperature should be measured in the upper part of the collector. In stores with integral heat exchanger, the sensor must be directly mounted in the upper part of the heat exchanger. When using external heat exchangers, the sensor must be fixed at the bottom of the store. For individual operation systems, our product range contains 3 different types of sensors (sensors for installation in existing immersion sleeves, flatscrew sensors or cylindrical clip-on sensors). The sensor types **FK** and **FR** have the same electrical features and are available in the same models, They only differ in the connecting cable:

**FK:** 1,5 m weather- and temperature resistant silicone cable for temperatures between  $-50\,^{\circ}\text{C}...+180\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ , mostly used for collectors.

**FR:** 2,5 m PVC cable for tempertures between -5°C...+80°C, mostly used for stores.

Make sure that all electrical works are carried out according to the relevant local and IEE-regulations. The sensor cables carry low voltages and they must not run together in a cable conduit with cables carrying higher voltages than 50 Volts. When using longer cables or cable conduits, please use screened cables. The sensor cables can be lengthened up to 100 m, but the cross section must be 1,5 mm² (or 0,75 mm² up to a cable length of 50m); screened cables should be used preferably. The sensors must not be in direct contact with water, please always use immersion sleeves.



FK...: collector sensor

FR...: reference sensor (store sensor)

**Immersion sensors:** in different lengths (immersion depth) available

**FK...60:** 60 mm immersion depth, immersion sleeves of chromium-plated brass

**FK...150:** 150 mm immersion depth, immersion sleeve of chromium-plated copper

**Important:** The sensors must be completely pushed into the sleeve and the nut must be slightly tightenend.

**Cylindrical clip-on sensors:** for any pipe diameter; cpl. with fastening collar; **FK...21** or **FR...21** 

Ensure good thermal contact of the sensor with the pipe work by cleaning the contact area and by applying heat conduction paste between sensor and pipe. In order to protect the sensor cable against outside temperature influences, it is recommended to insulate the pipe..

Flatscrew sensors: for installation on flat surfaces FK...9 or FR...9

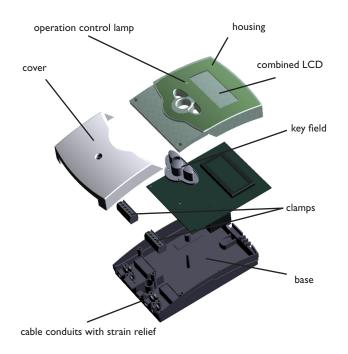
Ensure good thermal contact. Use conduction paste and insulate the sensors against outside temperature influences. **Indication:** 

In order to avoid overvoltage damage at the collector (e.g. by lightening), it is highly recommended to use the overvoltage protection RESOL SP1.



### 2. Installation

# 2.1 Mounting



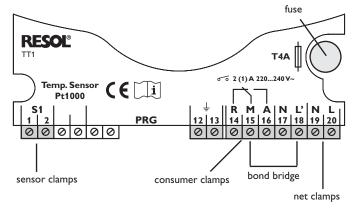


## Warning! Switch-off power supply before opening the housing.

The unit must only be located internally. It is not suitable for installation in hazardous locations and should not be sited near to any electromagnetic field. The controller must additionally be equipped with an all-polar gap of at least 3 mm or with a gap according to the valid installaton regulations, e.g. LS-switches or fuses. Please pay attention to a separate laying of the cable lines and installation of ac power supply.

- 1. Unscrew the cross-recessed screw of the cover and remove it from the housing.
- 2. Mark the upper fastening point on the underground and premount the enclosed dowel and screw.
- 3. Hang up the housing at the upper fastening point and mark the lower fastening point on the underground (hole pitch 130 mm), afterwards put the lower dowel.
- 4. Fasten the housing at the underground.

#### 2.2 Electrical connection



The power supply to the controller must only be made by an external power supply switch (last step of installation!) and the line voltage must be 220 ... 240 Volt (50...60 Hz). Flexible lines are to be fixed at the housing by enclosed strain relief supports and screws.

The controller is equipped with 1 standard relays, to which the consumers can be connected:

14 = normally closed contact R

15 = middle contact M

16 = normally open contact A

13 = ground clamp

The temperature sensors (S1) will be connected to the following terminals independently of the polarity:

1/2 = sensor for heat source / heat sink

The power supply is effected to the clamps::

19 = neutral conductor N

20 = conductor L

12 = ground clamp



#### Notice:

The middle contact M (15) and the conductor L (18) are bridged from factory.

After removal of the bridge the changeover contact (RMA) becomes a potential-free relais.

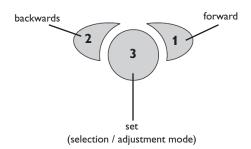


TT1.mon05229en.pdf

# 3 Operation and function

# 3.1 Pushbuttons for adjustment





The controller is operated by 3 pushbuttons below the display. The forward-key (1) is used for scrolling forward through the indication menu or to increase the adjustment values. The backwards-key (2) is accordingly used for the reverse function.

The adjustment channels follow the pure indication channels in the display. In order to come to these channels, press the forward key to channel **HO** for 2 sec. If an **adjustment value** is shown on the display, **SEt** is indicated. In this case you can press the key "Set" (3) in order to change into input mode.

- Select a channel by keys 1 and 2
- Shortly press key 3, so that "SEt" flashes
- Adjust the value by keys 1 and 2
- Shortly press key 3, so that "SEt" permanently appears, the adjusted value is now saved

## 3.2 Controller parameter / indication channnels

• TT

Thermostat Temperature

HO

Hours of Operation

• TD

Time Delay

TO

Temperature On

. TE

Temperature ofF

• DO

Delay On

• DF

Delay ofF

MM

Manual Mode

• PG

**ProGramm** 

VN

Version Number

## 3.3 Adjustment channel TO

° тт **Ч2.5** н□ **12** 

**TO**: Switch-on temperature Adjustment range -20 ... 150 °C Factory setting 40,0 °C 5*E E* TO **40.0**  If the sensor temperature **TT** declines the adjusted switchon temperature **TO** the controller switches the relais on. The symbol  $\bigodot$  appears in the display and the status-LED is iluminated green.

The relais stays turned off during the adjusted switch on delay (**DO**) to avoid ineffective switching on/off of the relais.



### 3.4 Adjustment channel TF

тт **42.5** но **40.0** 

**TF**: Switch-off temperature Adjustment range -20 ... 150 °C Factory setting 45,0 °C 5*E*E TF **45.0**  If the sensor temperature **TT** exceeds the in **TF** adjusted switch-off temperature the controller switches the relais off. The symbol  $\bigodot$  disappears in the display and the status-LED is iluminated red.

The relais stays turned off during the adjusted switch off delay (**DF**) to avoid ineffective switching on/off of the relais.

## 3.5 Adjustment channel DO

TT 42.5 TI 00:24

**DO**: Switch-on delay Adjustment range 00:00 ...05:00 min Factory setting 00:00 min 5*E* Ł 10 **00:00**  The relay is not switched on until the switch-on delay (**DO**) is expired to avoid ineffective switching on of the realy.

### 3.6 Adjustment channel DF

° 77 38.5 71 00:24 The relay is not switched off until the switch-off delay (**DF**) is expired to avoid ineffective switching off of the realy.

**DF**: Switch-off delay Adjustment range 00:00 ...05:00 min Factory setting 00:00 min

SEŁ IF 00:00

# 3.7 Adjustment channel MM

**MM**: Manual mode Adjustment range 0, 1, 2 Factory setting 2 (Auto) 5EE

In this channel the automatic or manual mode can be choosen. In the manual mode the relais can be switched on or off manualy.

7

0 the relais is switched off permanently

1 the relais is switched on permanently

2 automatic mode

## Manual mode

0 = Off 1 = On 2= Auto

#### 3.8 Status-LED Blinkcodes

green: Relais/pump switched on red: Relais/pumpe switched off

green/red blinking: Initialisation

Sensor failure Manual mode



## 4. Commisioning

° тт **Ч2.5** нп **12**  Ac power supply must be activated. The controller passes an initialisation phase in which the operating control lamp flashes red and green.

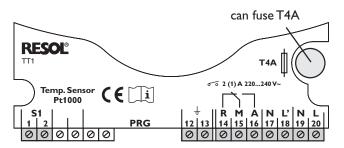
If individual conditions require an adaptation of the parameter, please adjust the values accordingly (vgl. 3.3).

# 5. Tips for fault location



#### Attention!

Before opening the housing please make sure that all poles are separated from the line voltage.



°C	Ω	°C	Ω
-10	961	55	1213
-5	980	60	1232
0	1000	65	1252
5	1019	70	1271
10	1039	75	1290
15	1058	80	1309
20	1078	85	1328
25	1097	90	1347
30	1117	95	1366
35	1136	100	1385
40	1155	105	1404
45	1175	110	1423
50	1194	115	1442

resistance values of PT1000 sensors

# Please check the following points if the controller does not work faultlessly:

## 1. Power supply

If the operating control lamp is off, please check the power supply of the controller.

The controller is protected by one can fuse T4 A, which is situated at the base/isolation plate and can be replaced by opening the cover of the housing (spare fuse is enclosed in one of the accessory bags).

#### 2. Sensor failure

If there is a malfunction due to a sensor defect, the operating control lamp flashes red and the symbol  $\checkmark$  is shown on the display. An error code for the concerned sensor is shown on the display.

**Short-circuit:** Short-circuit in the sensor wire with

indication of the concerned temperature sensor(TT). The error code -888.8 is

shown on the display.

**Line-break:** Interruption of the sensor wire with

indication of the concerned temperature sensor (TT). The error code 888.8 is

shown on the display.

Clamped Pt1000-temperature sensors can be checked by a resistance-measuring device. The measured temperatures can be compared with the resistance values of the table opposite.

# Your wholesaler:

#### **Notes**

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice. Illustrations may differ slightly from production models.